III B.Tech - I Semester – Regular Examinations – JANUARY 2022

DIGITAL SIGNAL PROCESSING (ELECTRONICS & COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING)

Duration: 3 hours

Max. Marks: 70

Note: 1. This question paper contains two Parts A and B.

- Part-A contains 5 short answer questions. Each Question carries 2 Marks.
- 3. Part-B contains 5 essay questions with an internal choice from each unit. Each question carries 12 marks.
- 4. All parts of Question paper must be answered in one place

PART – A

- 1. a) Find the fundamental period of the signal $x(n) = e^{j6\pi n}$
 - b) State the frequency shifting property of DFT.
 - c) Give the formulae for complex multiplications and additions in an N-point FFT.
 - d) Write the stages involved in the design of digital filters.
 - e) Explain Gibbs Phenomenon in FIR filters.

PART – B <u>UNIT – I</u>

i.
$$y(n) = x(n) + x^2(n-1)$$

ii. $y(n) = x(n+1) + 3x(n) + 5x(n-1)$
iii. $y(n) = x(2n)$

b) Test whether the following systems are time-invariant or not:

i.
$$y(n) = nx(n)$$

ii. $y(n) = cos\{x(n)\}$
iii. $y(n) = \sum_{k=n_0}^{n} x(k)$
OR

3. a) Determine the impulse response h[n] of the system described by the difference equation using Z transform. y[n] - 3y[n-1] - 4y[n-2] = x[n] + 2x[n-1] 6 M

b) Obtain the Direct Form I and Direct Form II realization for the IIR system described by

$$H(z) = \frac{1 + 2z^{-1} + z^{-2}}{1 - \frac{3}{4}z^{-1} + \frac{1}{8}z^{-2}}$$
 6 M

6 M

<u>UNIT – II</u>

4. a) Compute the DFT of $x[n] = \begin{cases} n-1 \ ; \ 1 \le n \le 4 \\ 0 \ ; \ otherwise \end{cases}$

b) Perform the circular convolution of the following sequences using DFT:

$$x[n] = \{2,1,2,1\} \text{ and } h[n] = \{1,2,3,4\}$$
 6 M

OR

- a) Explain the steps involved in convolution of long sequences using Overlap-save method.
 6 M
 - b) Determine the Inverse DFT of the sequence: $X(K) = [6, -2 + 2j, -2, -2 - 2j] \qquad 6 M$

UNIT-III

6.	a)	Derive the equation to implement a butterfly structure in DIF-FFT algorithm.	6 M
		III DIF-FFT algoriumi.	0 IVI
	b)	Compute the 8-point DFT of the sequence	
		$x[n] = \{0,1,2,3,4,5,6,7\}$ using Radix-2 DIF-FFT Algorithm.	6 M
		OR	
7.	a)	Construct the IDFT of a sequence	
		$X[k] = \{8,0,0,0,0,0,0,0\}$ using DIT- FFT algorithm.	6 M

b) Compare Radix-2 DIT and DIF FFT algorithms. 6 M

$\underline{UNIT} - IV$

8.	a)	Explain about frequency transformation of digital filters	
		in analog domain.	6 M

b) Find the order of chebyshev filter for following specifications:

$$\begin{split} \sqrt{0.5} &\leq \left| H\left(e^{j\omega}\right) \right| \leq 1 \text{ ; } 0 \leq \omega \leq 0.2\pi \\ \left| H\left(e^{j\omega}\right) \right| \leq 0.1 \text{ ; } 0.5\pi \leq \omega \leq \pi \end{split}$$
 6 M

OR

- 9. a) Derive the relationship between S-plane and Z-plane poles in Bilinear Transformation Method.6 M
 - b) Determine H(z) using bilinear transformation method for the following analog system function.

$$H(s) = \frac{2}{(s+1)(s+3)}$$
 6 M

Assume T=0.1s

<u>UNIT – V</u>

10. Design an ideal differentiator with frequency response

$$H(e^{j\omega}) = j\omega; \quad -\pi \le |\omega| \le \pi$$

Using Hamming window for N=8. 12 M

OR

- 11. a) Explain how an FIR Filter can be designed using Windowing technique?6 M
 - b) Obtain the frequency response of Linear phase FIR filter for a symmetrical impulse function with N odd.6 M